# Curriculum History - Whole School 2023-2024





#### Curriculum History Rationale - Intent

Intent:

History at our school intends to give all children a broad and balance view of the History of Britain and other societies from around the world. In this, children will develop a well-rounded knowledge of the past and its events, with the intention to improve children's cultural capital, knowledge and skills, understanding of the world around them and their own heritage, the culture of our society, such as traditions, languages, buildings, that were created in the past and still have historical importance

History at Victoria road aims to spark imagination, curiosity and teach children to ask questions about the past. At Victoria road primary school, we have designed our history curriculum with the intent that all our children will:

• Possess a secure understanding of the chronology of Britain from 3 million years ago onwards and other important periods of History from around the world

• To discover links and connections to the History they learn and the wider community and how history has an impact on the present

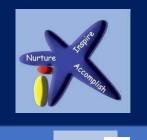
• Further their knowledge and explanations of change and continuity over time with regards to the history of the Britain and other societies from around the world

- Enquire into Historical themed questions
- Form their own opinions and interpretation of the past

• Gather and interpret evidence from a range of sources such as, artefacts, pictures, trips, internet, to answer a variety of questions.

- Differentiate between fact and opinion and explain how interpretations in History may differ
- Draw on similarities and differences within given time frames and across previously taught History

• To actively learn the vocabulary of historical terms to allow the children to develop a deeper understanding of word meaning



#### Curriculum History Rationale

The curriculum is led and overseen by the History lead. Our History lead regularly monitors, evaluates and reviews the work by children thus celebrating the good practice. This allows the curriculum to be evolved and improved further. The teaching, learning and sequencing of our History curriculum follows:

- Will ensure coverage and progression in all skills relating to History.
- In KS1, the Historical skills will focus on the world around them and their living memory of History before moving to events that go beyond living history.
- In KS2, the British History curriculum is set out in chronological order to allow children to reference the previous events in time and to refer to this prior learning year-on-year and within the year.
- Each history unit is taught with an overarching key question. The subsequent lessons will build upon each other to allow the children to fully answer the question at the end of the unit.
- The progression of skills and knowledge is set out in order to build and develop the following:
- Chronological Understanding
- Knowledge and understanding of events, people and changes in the past
- Connection and Historical Links
- Interpretations of History
- Historical Enquiry
- Lessons will develop long term memory by allowing for repetition of learning within the year and year on year.
- Historical vocabulary is taught within the unit and reinforced throughout the year.
- Our History curriculum helps to provide a link to their lives and explore their heritage and cultural capital.

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### Curriculum History Rationale - Impact

#### Impact

• Children will become increasingly critical and analytical within their thinking. Making informed and balanced judgements based on their knowledge of the past.

• Children will become increasingly aware of how historical events have shaped the world that they currently live in.

• They will also have a further understanding of History on a local, national and global level.

• Children will develop enquiry skills to pursue their own interests within a topic and further questioning.

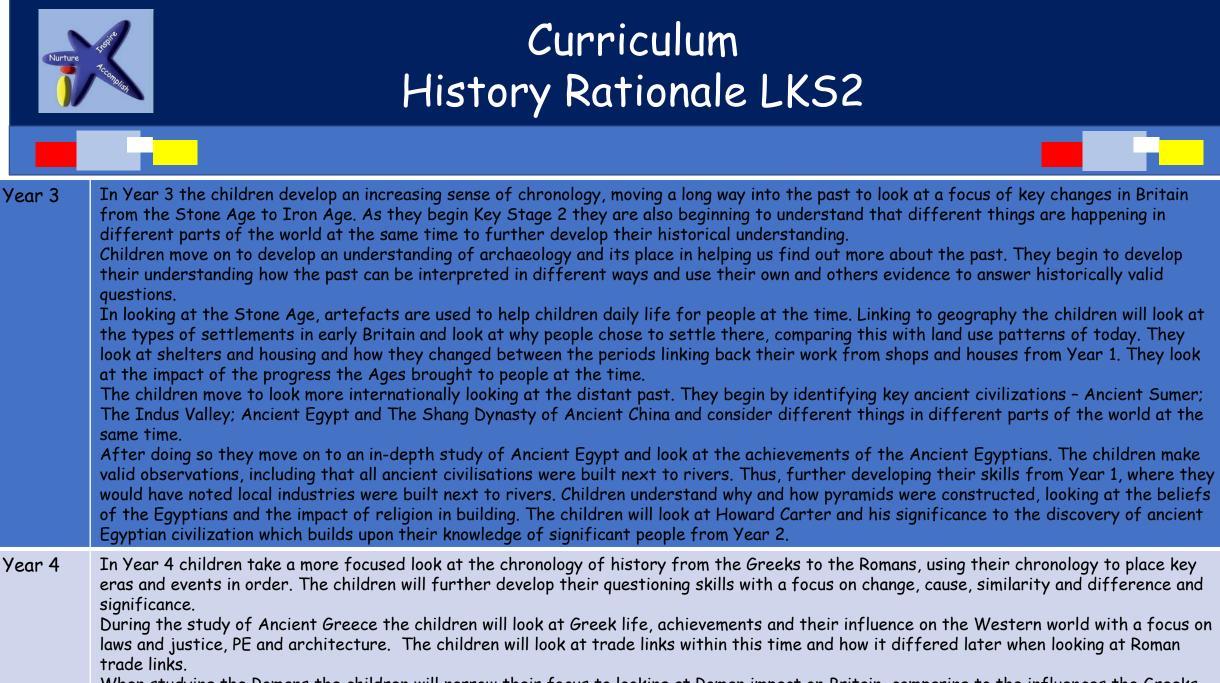
• Where applicable, children will have encountered or participated in highquality visits/visitors to further appreciate the impact of History.

• Children are to retain prior-learning and explicitly make connections between what they have previously learned and what they are currently learning.



### Curriculum History Rationale EYFS and KS1

EYFS	During early year children develop an understanding of the time before they were alive, based on living history. Through role play children explore objects from present and past understanding that some things have changed over time, beginning to consider why, and some things have not changed. Early historical vocabulary is discretely taught where appropriate and explained and then regularly referred to in direct teaching and continuous provision.
Year 1	In year 1, children extend their breadth of understanding to change in national life over time and then begin to consider impact of those changes on their life today. They study shops and houses, their change over time and explore the local area from 1950's to present day. Children will begin to put shops and houses on to a simple timeline using vocabulary to show the passing of time. Children will develop their use of aerial photos and maps of the locality to compare changes over time. After looking at the changes in the local area, the children will further develop this knowledge by looking at significant people, places and events in their local area. Children will begin to study Joseph Verdin, John Brunner and Mond, their industries and understand the significance of the River Weaver in their choice of location. They will learn that industries were built near rivers to allow easy access to water, for waste disposal and for ease of transporting materials. Also learning what they did for the local area including their industries and events significant to Northwich. They will see that they built the local infirmary, workhouse, local parks, provided leisure activities and the reasons why. Children will begin to develop their historical questioning skills by asking and answering questions.
Year 2	In Year 2 the children develop an increasing sense of chronology, moving to time periods beyond living memory and developing their vocabulary across the year. The children start to place key events and people in to chronological order and begin to make some links to eras studied. They study three significant national events, the Great Fire of London and The Gunpowder Plot understanding when these happened relative to today and to each other and their impact on people at the time. The children use visits, artefacts/pictures of artefacts, diaries, newspapers and research to help develop their understanding of life beyond their living memory. The children look at key people of these times. Building on from this the children then explore lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Over the term the children look at Isambard Kingdom Brunel and Mary Jackson, compare aspects of their lives and compare their achievements. This will develop further on from Year 1, where they have compared changes over time. The children will add any key dates on to a timeline.



When studying the Romans the children will narrow their focus to looking at Roman impact on Britain, comparing to the influences the Greeks



### Curriculum History Rationale UKS2

Year 5	In year 5 children will use and apply understanding of chronology, developing and further building on their timelines with their growing knowledge and critically appraising others based on their knowledge of chronology. They will focus on ancient civilisations expansion and dissolution of empires. Building on from the Romans in Year 4, the children will study Britain's settlement by Anglo Saxons and the Scots. The children will further develop their questioning skills about change and cause over time. Looking at the stark difference of settlements between Roman era and Anglo-Saxon times. Their prior knowledge of invasion and why it occurred will develop further from Year 4 as they look at invasion from Roman Britain to Viking times and the reasons why. The children will continue to develop their understanding of significant people from Year 2 and study Alfred the Great and his impact. They will further develop their chronological knowledge by studying Anglo Saxon and Viking struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the confessor. In the subsequent term Year 5 will study the Mayan Civilisation and contrast with Britain at the time of 900AD, allowing the children to make contrasts and analyse trends and pose their own historically valid questions using their developed knowledge. The children will look at what the Maya people achieved and how it influenced the western world by looking at maths, writing, architecture and trade links. This develops further on from their study of the Greeks and Romans in Year 4. They will do this by critically analysing evidence and use their own judgements to decide on which society was more advanced in 900 A.D. Britain or the Maya.
Year 6	In year 6 the children will study migration through time from 1066 to present day. They will use their prior knowledge to gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts. The children will make connections and create their own structured accounts to analyse. The children will study the United Kingdom's chronological past from 1066 to present day, following on from Anglo Saxons and Vikings studied in Year 5. The children will use this information to create a timeline applying their mathematical knowledge. They will begin to understand migration and why migration to the UK happens, linking to their prior knowledge of migration from Year 3, 4 and 5. This study of migration will link to the local history study of changes and how the heritage of Northwich has changed over time and the reasons why.



Our substantive themes which are taught and built upon throughout curriculum are as follows;

Achievements and Legacy Migration Power and Rule Settlements Local History

The disciplinary concepts, which are integrated within our curriculum and are developed alongside substantive concepts, are;

Cause and Consequence Similarity and difference Significance Evidence Continuity and change Interpretation



### Curriculum Map EYFS and KS1

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
EYFS	A1 - All about me (geography/hist) Settlements	Sp1 – Off we go! (geography) Local History	S1 - Animals
	A2 – Festivals (geography/hist) Achievements and Legacy	Sp2 – Growing Achievements and Legacy	S2 - Superheros (geography/hist) Achievements and Legacy
Year 1	What is in our local area? (geography)	How have shops and houses changed? (history) Settlements Local History	Sum 1 Is Northwich famous for anything? (history) Achievements and Legacy Local History Sum 2 How is Northwich different to Kenya? (geography)
Year 2	Why are the Great Fire of London and The Gunpowder plot significant? (history) Settlements Power and Rule	What did Isambard Kingdom Brunel and Mary Jackson do for us? (History/Geography) Achievements and Legacy Power and Rule Local History	What's unique about the UK? Is the weather the same all over the world? (geography)

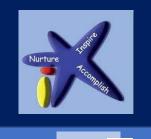


# Curriculum Map KS2

Year 3 *	Who first lived in Britain? (History/Geography) Settlements Achievements and Legacy Power and Rule Migration **this year chn will learn key information through the theme of settlement due to mixed age classes for this year	Are there any mountains in our local area? (Geography)	Were we all once Egyptians? (history) Settlements Achievements and Legacy Power and Rule **this year chn will learn key information through the theme of settlement due to mixed age classes for this year
Year 4	How did the Greeks influence us today? (History /geography) Achievements and Legacy Power and Rule Settlements	What impact did the Roman invasion have on Britain? (history) Settlements Achievements and Legacy Power and Rule Migration	Are Rivers important to the people of Northwich? (Geography)
Year 5	Were the Saxons and Vikings the same, both invaders? (history) Settlements Achievements and Legacy Power and Rule Migration	Is there more to North America than Disneyland? (Geography)	Who achieved most, the Maya, the Vikings or the Anglo Saxons? (History/Geography) Achievements and Legacy Migration
Year 6	What makes people come to Britain? (history and geography) Power and Rule Migration	Would you like to live in South America? (Geography) Is distribution the same around the world? (Geography)	Sum 1 How has Northwich changed over time - family study ( history) Settlements Achievements and Legacy Local History Migration Sum 2 - Is there evidence of connections to other places in Northwich? Migration



All about me (geography/history)	Festivals (A2)	Off we go	Spr 2 - growing (science unit)	Sum 1 - animals (science and geography)	Sum 2 - superheros
<ul> <li>How I have changed since I was a baby Past and present events in our lives and family members</li> <li>Sequencing our lives and discussing significant events within our lives</li> <li>Discussing our family tree- Who is older? Who is the youngest?</li> <li>How are members of our family different/ similar? Families - similarities and differences between others in class</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Festivals now and in the past - how do they differ, how are they the same? Use images ot help compare now and then</li> <li>Order our familiar events throughout the year, Christmas, birthdays, starting school, end of school, easter - which comes first and which comes last?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How would you would travel to school, to another country- would you travel by donkey? Why would we not travel by donkey? (links to previous unit of the Christmas story)</li> <li>Transport walk around Northwich. What transport types can we see</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How have we changed since the start of reception</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Superheros now and in the past</li> <li>Why are they super heros? - space travel links</li> </ul>



Enquiry Question	What is in our local area? (geography)	How have houses and shops changed since 1950? (history unit)	Sum 1 Did Northwich have any famous people, places or events? (6 weeks) Sum 2 What is the difference Northwich and Timboni? (6 weeks)
Components		<ul> <li>Create a timeline together of images of grandparents, parents and themselves</li> <li>Order images of houses in chronological order</li> <li>Label key features on each house from 50's, 80's and today</li> <li>Identify similarities and differences of inside a kitchen from 1950's and today</li> <li>Visit Tesco's with a shopping list - compare to shopping habits in 1950's</li> <li>Walk around the local area and see if they still have butchers, greengrocers, fishmongers etc today</li> <li>Ask questions to someone alive in 1950's to ask historical questions</li> <li>Self service, how shopping habits have changed within our living memory</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore the mean significant to them</li> <li>Look at Joseph Verdin and why he is Significant to Northwich</li> <li>Look at how he helped the people of Northwich</li> <li>What happened when things went wrong in Northwich, what impact did this have on local people</li> <li>Frank Roberts and his importance to Northwich</li> <li>Frank Roberts came to our school - what was our school like when he came here</li> <li>Compare Verdin and Roberts</li> </ul>



Enquiry Question	Why are the Great Fire of London and The Gunpowder plot significant? (history)	What did Isambard Kingdom Brunel and Mary Jackson do for us? (History/Geography)	What's unique about the UK? Is the weather the same all over the world? (geography)
Components		<ul> <li>Who was Isambard Kingdom Brunel?</li> <li>What was Brunel's life like?</li> <li>What was life like in Victorian times?</li> <li>What was significant about IKB railways?</li> <li>What was significant about IKB bridges?</li> <li>Who was Mary Jackson?</li> <li>What was life like for Mary Jackson?</li> <li>What was the same and what was different about the lives of Brunel and Jackson?</li> <li>How did they impact our lives?</li> </ul>	



Enquiry	Who first lived in Britain?	Would you like to live in the mountains?	Were we all once Egyptians? (history)
Question	(History/Geography)	(Geography)	
Components	<ul> <li>Look at when the Stone Age to the Iron Age was in context and the durations of each period</li> <li>Look at why they think it goes from Stone to Bronze to Iron</li> <li>Identify changes in housing in each period of prehistoric history</li> <li>Know why the land use was important when settling</li> <li>Look at the changes in societal structures from the Stone Age to the Iron Age</li> <li>Examine the methods of food collection in prehistoric Britain</li> <li>Think about how we know about pre history</li> <li>Look at how religious beliefs changed from the Stone Age to the Iron</li> <li>Identify and compare key features of settlements from prehistoric people built megalithic structures</li> <li>Begin forming reasoned responses to historical enquiries</li> <li>Demonstrate their understanding of the topic and the changes between periods of prehistory</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Look at the achievements of the earliest civilizations - an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared</li> <li>Find out about ancient Egyptian life by looking at artefacts and asking perceptive questions</li> <li>Identify where and when the ancient Egyptians lived.</li> <li>To know the many achievements of the Ancient Egyptians and their impact on today</li> <li>To identify housing and how this compares to other settlements around the world at this time</li> <li>Exploring ancient Egyptian societal structures and compare them to others they know.</li> <li>Look at the belief systems of contrasting civilisations and make assertions based upon research</li> <li>Understand the process of mummification and its impact on today's world</li> <li>understand the factors behind food and drink choices of those in the ancient worlds</li> <li>To note continuity and change in food and drink throughout periods of history</li> <li>understand that historical enquiry requires justification and evidence to provide a coherent answer and that investigating history can be presented in a number of different formats. Look at the role of archaeologists</li> </ul>



Enquiry	How did the Greeks influence us	What impact did the Roman invasion have on Britain? (history)	Are Rivers important to the people of Northwich? (Geography)
Question Components	<ul> <li>today? (History /geography)</li> <li>Find out when the Greeks had their most influence?</li> <li>Look at how the geography of Ancient Greece lead to them influencing the countries around?</li> <li>What is Democracy? Why did the Ancient Athenians and people in the UK today believe it is important?</li> <li>How can we find out about daily life in Ancient Greece?</li> <li>What can we learn from Greek architecture? How did the Ancient Greeks influence our architecture and city layout today? (look at Liverpool buildings)</li> <li>What did the Greeks influence on life today?</li> <li>How did the Ancient Greeks change the world?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chronology - where do the Romans fit in to history of Britain</li> <li>Look at how and why Britain was invaded</li> <li>What were the achievements of the Romans and the impact that they had on Britain</li> <li>Identify how housing has changed from stone age to Romans</li> <li>Identify how society was in Romans era and how this has changed since stone age</li> <li>Look at the food and methods of collecting food</li> <li>Beliefs - what beliefs did the Romans have and how did this influence them?</li> <li>Bouddica and the resistance</li> </ul>	



Enquiry Question	Were the Saxons and Vikings the same, both invaders? (history)	Is there more to North America than Disneyland? (Geography)	Who achieved most, the Maya or the Vikings? (History/Geography)
Components	<ul> <li>understand where the Anglo-Saxons came from and where they settled in Britain.</li> <li>understand why the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings left their homeland and came to Britain</li> <li>understand what Anglo-Saxon and Viking society was like.</li> <li>Identify what kind of people the Anglo- Saxons and Vikings were.</li> <li>Know the challenges the Anglo-Saxons may have faced when establishing settlement.</li> <li>Look at ways in which the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings were in conflict with one another and how this was resolved.</li> <li>understand Anglo-Saxons and Vikings lived</li> <li>what Cheshire was like during the Anglo- Saxon/Viking era.</li> <li>what did the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings left behind and how much of this we use today.</li> <li>understand the chronology of Anglo- Saxon/Viking Britain</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Introduce with an artefact and ask, what do we think, what do we know and what would we like to know</li> <li>Where does the Ancient Maya sit in a wider chronological context?</li> <li>Where did the Maya live?</li> <li>How did Maya housing compare to that of the Vikings?</li> <li>How did Maya society compare the Viking society?</li> <li>How did Maya food and collection methods compare to the Vikings? (DT opportunity - Mayan inspired dish)</li> <li>What did the Maya believe?</li> <li>Maya achievements - writing and number system?</li> <li>How do we know about the Maya?</li> <li>2who achieved the most, the Maya or the Vikings?</li> </ul>



Enquiry	Why is Britain so diverse? (History	Would you live in South America?	Why do we trade? (Geography and
Question	and geography)	(geography)	history)
Components	<ul> <li>Why did the Romans, Saxons and Vikings invade Britain</li> <li>What is migration</li> <li>What pushed people to Britain</li> <li>What pulled people to Britain</li> <li>What role did African people play in Roman Britian</li> <li>How did the lives of Jewish people change in middle ages</li> <li>Who were the black Tudors</li> <li>Why did the Huguenots prosper but the Palatines failed</li> <li>How has brick lane changed</li> <li>What can we learn from the lives of others?</li> <li>How has migration changed the way we eat, our streets, tackled racism and discrimination?</li> </ul>		Where did trade start?     Why did people trade in the past?

#### Curriculum Map Medium term overview - Year 6 cont...

Enquiry Question	What is the Heritage of Northwich? (History)	What evidence is there in Northwich of connections to other places? (geography)
Components	<ul> <li>What does heritage mean?</li> <li>How has Northwich heritage changed?</li> <li>Who was John Brunner?</li> <li>What did he do for Northwich and how did he change the heritage of Northwich</li> <li>Visit to local museum</li> <li>Who had the most impact on the heritage of Northwich?</li> </ul>	

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	<ol> <li>Historical significance of people, places and events (why?)</li> <li>Legacy and Impact (what changed as a result of)</li> </ol>	2. Chronological understanding (Where does it fit in time?)	3. Historical Enquiry - sources, evidence and interpretation (How do we know?)	4. Similarity and difference, change and continuity over time (What was it like at the time?)
EYFS	Be able to recognise and describe special times or events for family or friends	<ul> <li>Understand chronology within their own living memory</li> <li>To be able to order and sequence familiar events</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compare and comment on images from the past</li> <li>Ask appropriate questions based on own knowledge</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To comment on images of familiar situations in the past</li> <li>To talk about their immediate family and begin to understand what the past was like</li> <li>To know about similarities and differences between themselves and others</li> </ul>



	1. Historical significance of people, places and events (why?)	2. Chronological understanding (Where does it fit in time?)	3. Historical Enquiry - sources, evidence and interpretation (How do we know?)	4. Similarity and difference, change and continuity over time (What was it like at the time?)
	5. Legacy and Impact (what changed as a result of)			
/ear 1	<ul> <li>To identify at least one positive and negative impacts of change of shops and houses</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand chronology within living memory of their families by placing houses in chronological order from 1950's to present day</li> <li>Use words to show the passing of time (see vocab list)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand that we can learn about the recent past from a range of primary sources (photos, artefacts, maps, people and fieldwork)</li> <li>Offer an opinion of why there have been changes over time and how they know</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be able to identify similarities and differences within houses and shops over time</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To be able to talk about locally significant people from the past and to name one thing Joseph Verdin and Frank Roberts did to help develop Northwich</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand chronology beyond living memory - the difference between long ago and now</li> <li>Understand where to place significant people on a timeline, relative to work studied previously adding on key dates of their birth, significant event and their death</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ask their own questions about the past based on what they now know</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to talk about two locally significant people from the past and their impact on growth and development Northwich (Joseph Verdin and Frank Roberts)</li> </ul>



	<ol> <li>Historical significance of people, places and events (why?)</li> <li>Legacy and Impact (what changed as a result of)</li> </ol>	2. Chronological understanding (Where does it fit in time?)	3. Historical Enquiry - sources, evidence and interpretation (How do we know?)	4. Similarity and difference, change and continuity over time (What was it like at the time?)
National Significant Events, Gunpowder plot (Gunpowder plot focus on democracy aspects of life in 1600s, Great Fire focuses on daily life, houses and shops)	<ul> <li>To know the national significance of the <u>Great Fire of London</u> and the devastation it caused and why <u>Samuel Pepys</u> is significant.</li> <li>To understand the change that happened in London as a result of the Great Fire - that Plague ended and how London was rebuilt differently.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to place key parts of the Great fire of London a basic timeline</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use a wide range of primary sources including written sources, images and videos to find out about the past.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Children can identify at least two similarities and differences between ways of life during 1600s and present day and know the impact this had on people at the time.</li> </ul>
Brunel and Jackson (significant individuals who have contributed to national and international achievements)	<ul> <li>To know about key people who have contributed to British and International achievements in travel (Brunel and Jackson)</li> <li>To recognise the impact on daily life to changes in transport over time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use a timeline to map the key achievements of an individual over time, placing that life within current chronological understanding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know and use knowledge of changes to transport over time to think critically about the impact on aspects of daily life at that time</li> <li>To ask and answer questions choosing sources to show what they know and understand</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify similarities and differences between methods of transport over time</li> </ul>



	<ol> <li>Historical significance of people, places and events (why?)</li> <li>Legacy and Impact (what changed as a result of)</li> </ol>	2. Chronological understanding (Where does it fit in time?)	3. Historical Enquiry - sources, evidence and interpretation (How do we know?)	4. Similarity and difference, change and continuity over time (What was it like at the time?)
Key changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age	<ul> <li>To know that the Stone Age and Iron Age are the earliest periods of known history of Britain</li> <li>Understand the significance of stone age inventions that changed the lives of people over time and how these changed through to the Iron age</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand that the past is divided into named periods of time</li> <li>To start a timeline with pre history</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the difference between primary and secondary sources</li> <li>Begin to understand the importance of archaeology</li> <li>Use secondary sources to find out about stone age to iron age, being able to explain why there are limited primary sources about stone age to iron age</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To describe changes over time in daily life, including settlements - shelters and houses and understand the causes and consequences of change</li> </ul>
Ancient Civilisations - Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China	<ul> <li>To know the achievements and impact of the earliest civilizations – with a focus on Ancient Egypt – in relation to housing, daily life, beliefs and travel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to place periods of history on a timeline with a basic understanding of concurrency - knowing when and where the first civilizations appeared</li> <li>To begin to use dates to explain British, local and world history</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand archaeology as a source of evidence of the past (Howard Carter)</li> <li>Begin to develop perspective and judgement based on historical knowledge (which was the greatest civilization and why?)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To identify and explain similarities and differences between the first civilizations in relation to housing, daily life, beliefs and travel</li> </ul>



	<ol> <li>Historical significance of people, places and events (why?)</li> <li>Legacy and Impact (what changed as a result of)</li> </ol>	2. Chronological understanding (Where does it fit in time?)	3. Historical Enquiry - sources, evidence and interpretation (How do we know?)	4. Similarity and difference, change and continuity over time (What was it like at the time?)
Ancient Greece	To know key achievements of the Ancient Greeks and their influence on the western world - buildings, religion, democracy, trade	To know where this period of history occurred relative to their current chronological understanding, and what else was happening / had happened in the world at that time	Asking and answering questions about the past sifting through a range of primary and secondary sources. (pottery, buildings, artefacts, archaeologists) Create their own structured accounts to present their views about aspects of the past	To know how the Greeks influenced the western world and the impact it had both locally, nationally and globally.
The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain	To identify major events in the past that caused significant changes to the British landscape and life - then and now (including culture and beliefs, housing, settlements including early Christianity) To know the main achievements of the Romans (including roads, central heating, water system, cats!!!)	Know and understand the coherent, chronological narrative from Stone Age to the Romans, and within the Roman occupation of Britain (timeline development adding Romans on) Use appropriate date convention e.g., BC, AD	Investigate different accounts of historical events and explain some of the reasons why the accounts might be different	To recognise the reasons that someone/ a nation of people may have acted as they did and why they were successful (e.g., the expansion of the empire power of the army) Identify and give reasons for and results of Roman invasion to Britain and the positive and negative impact it had



	1. Historical significance of people, places and events (why?)	2. Chronological understanding (Where does it fit in time?)	3. Historical Enquiry - sources, evidence and interpretation (How do we know?)	4. Similarity and difference, change and continuity over time (What was it like at the time?)
	5. Legacy and Impact (what changed as a result of)			
Britain's settlement by Anglo Saxons and Anglo Saxons and Vikings struggle for the kingdom of Britain	To understand and describe some features associated with themes, societies, people, and events, understanding aspects of life in the Anglo Saxons times and Viking times.	To know and sequence key events studied on a timeline using appropriate dates, period labels and terms. Select and organise historical information (including dates and times) to devise a response to their own historical questions and hypotheses. To describe connections, contrasts, and trends over shorter (Anglo Saxons) and longer (Roman, anglo saxon, Viking) periods of time.	Evaluate sources and make simple inference Choose relevant sources of evidence to support lines of enquiry and reach a valid conclusion based on devising and answering questions relating to a historical enquiry.	Place several valid causes and effects in an order of importance relating to events and developments by listing them in an order of importance as to why the Anglo Saxons and Vikings came to Britain.
Mayan Civilisation the study of a non-European society that contrasts with British history	Identify connections, contrasts, and trends over time with Maya, Vikings and Anglo Saxons focusing on settlements, achievements and power	Be able to make comparisons between	Recognise when they are using primary and secondary sources of information to investigate the past	Ask and answer historically valid questions about similarity and difference and significance in relation to the Mayan civilisation linking with previous units studied



	<ol> <li>Historical significance of people, places and events (why?)</li> <li>Legacy and Impact (what changed as a result of)</li> </ol>	2. Chronological understanding (Where does it fit in time?)	3. Historical Enquiry - sources, evidence and interpretation (How do we know?)	4. Similarity and difference, change and continuity over time (What was it like at the time?)
Migration	To be able to identify some of the key causes of migration to Britain Be able to compare causes over time allowing them to find areas of similarity and difference with periods studied	Identify some of the key events in British migration history and place them in chronological order	Draw inferences from a wide range of source materials to construct informed responses to why migration to Britain occurred Ask valid historical questions to investigate the impact of migration and begin to choose their own sources to find answers	To be able to understand the experiences of migrants over an extended period of time – similarities and differences
Heritage of Northwich	Use a wide range of evidence to compare and analyse the lives of Frank Roberts, John Brunner and Joseph Verdin		Pupils can construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information to show their understanding of the importance of local historical figuresDescribe and explain how several aspects of national history are reflected in northwich and evaluate and reach a judgement about their relative importance	



#### Curriculum Map Progression of skills – Vocabulary KS1

	Key History Vocabulary continually revisit previous words	Specific vocabulary for content continually revisit previous words	Historical skills vocabulary continually revisit these	Other general words for this age group
EYFS	A long time ago Same/ different Change People Lives	Past/ now Modern Old New Yesterday	Use senses – touch, see, smell, hear Discuss Questioning Finding out	Order Compare
Year 1	History significant Order Similar/Different Evidence Changes Decade Invention Question Reason Connections Living memory	change in national life Parents, Grandparents, Great grandparents Lifetimes way of life Home life, transport, materials, leisure Local impact museum buildings	Observation Sequence Research Using sources Questioning Discussion Compare	Modern Past/ present/ future Memory Information similarity, difference lives
Year 2	Timeline, Compare, Fact/ opinion Artefact Event Source Cause Consequences Century different periods of time	significant nationally globally Great Fire of London, commemorate anniversaries key features of events Parliament contribution national international achievements aspects of life monarch	Contrast Ability to build a timeline Research using different resources Compare and contrast Making connections	memorial monument



#### Curriculum Map Progression of skills - Vocabulary LKS2

	Key History Vocabulary continually revisit previous words	Specific vocabulary for content continually revisit previous words	Historical skills vocabulary continually revisit these	Other general words for this age group
Year 3	Revisit KS1 words plus Chronological Millennium Century/ decade BC/ BCE AD/ CE Era Time period Similarities differences Prehistoric evidence Primary/secondary sources Ancient Modern Archaeology Archaeologist contrasts trends over time Influence Significant, Impact	Britain temporary/ permanent Palaeolithic hunter-gatherers Mesolithic Neolithic early farmers/ farming Deforestation Skara Brae Bronze Age Stonehenge Iron Age hill forts tribal kingdoms civilizations irrigation Ancient Sumer; Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; Mummification Pyramid Shang Dynasty of Ancient China	Interpretation Facts/opinion Evidence Chronology - constructing a timeline ordering artefacts Research Enquiry Comparison Reliability Continuity significance Discussion Argument Reasoning frame historically-valid draw contrasts, analyse trends,	Revisit KS1 words plus Achievements Process of change Landscape, settlements Empire, Diversity societies, dynasties Slave, Citizen influence reveal technology road system trade art and culture Overview, connections regional, national and international constructed Architecture sacrifice, beliefs, temples Conquer, Laws, Justice Myths, legends Prosperity, wealth
Year 4	Same as above	western world Democracy, Philosophy Olympic Games, Athens, Acropolis Julius Caesar, Claudius, Boudica invasion , Conquest, resistance Romanisation Hypocaust, Viaduct /aquaduct	Same as above	Same as above



#### Curriculum Map Progression of skills - Vocabulary UKS2

	Key History Vocabulary continually revisit previous words	Specific vocabulary for content continually revisit previous words	Historical skills vocabulary continually revisit these	Other general words for this age group
Year 5	Revisit previous words plus Cause and effect , Propaganda Bias Society Empire Point of view Objectivity Subjectivity Consequences Legacy Modern British Values Laws	Dark ages Christian conversion Canterbury, Iona and Lindisfarne Sutton Hoo Raids resistance Danegeld Alfred the Great Althelstan Edward the Confessor <b>Mayan civilization</b> Mesoamerica Codex Chichen Itza	Deduction Inference Organising information Chronology Comparison Observation Discussion Research Reflection Interpretation Questioning – historically valid, perceptive questions Investigate Forming conclusions Making links. historical perspective Judgement. Contrasting arguments and interpretations	As above plus Invasions expansion kingdoms settlements village life , peasantry hierarchy laws and justice withdrawal cultural , economic political religious social history; short- and long-term timescales. civilization period/ era Achievements, Influence Scholars, Dynasties Symbolic, renowned Conquer Civilisation Comparison Impact merchants Archaeologists Complexity
Year 6		Migration, trade Push/pull	As above	As above